# THE DAILY GAZETTE.

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## TELEGRAPHIC

Proceedings in the Grand Canon Case.

Argument of Counsel for the D. & R. G.

Little Excitement at the Irish Meeting.

The Agitation Felt in this Country.

The Panic in Stocks Entirely Over.

Opening of the New French Cable.

Wool Market Excited and Rising.

### COLORADO.

#### The Grand Canon Case.

*Special to the Gazette.*

DENVER, November 22.—Yesterday Mr. Bass opened the Grand Canon case in behalf of the Rio Grande Co., by giving the history of the suit. He then took up the questions at issue showing that the rights in the canon were not bargained away by the Rio Grande Co., to the A. T. & S. F. Co., either by the lease or the Palmer Speare agreement, but that on the contrary these show that such rights were expressly reserved.

This morning on resuming his argument after objecting to the reception of any parol testimony when the documents were so plain, he argued that this parol testimony did not show that any right to the canon was bargained away. He stated that the testimony of Messrs. Thornton K. Lothrop and Wm G. Russell, attorneys representing the Rio Grande company at the Boston negotiations most conclusively proved that it was not contemplated on that occasion that the Rio Grande company should in any way waive, transfer or by an agreement abstain from building or in any way put the possession of the property or the right to construct a railroad upon this contested right of way in their adversaries' hands. Early in the negotiations it appeared, and that point seemed to have been allowed by his opponents, the parties had come together with the design of settling all controversies. There was no doubt of that intention but as in many other negotiations the original purpose sought was not attained. It was testified by Mr. Potts and all the parties connected with the negotiations that if they were able to carry out the primary scheme of the consolidation it would have the effect of settling all differences, but that was finally abandoned. Then it appeared as was distinctly stated by Mr. Lothrop that the project as in fact carried out did not nor was it the expectation of the parties that it would settle all the controversies. The theory of the testimony throughout was that the Atchison company declined to agree that the Denver & Rio Grande company should build and the Denver & Rio Grande company declined to agree that the Atchison company should build upon that right of way, and that that was treated as a matter entirely foreign to the subject of these negotiations and left it not of the agreement.

Mr. Bass read from the testimony of Mr. Lothrop wherein were the words, "Their interest, as I was informed by General Palmer, and their agreement, as I understood it, was to lease their constructed roads between the points specified and containing substantially the number of miles stated in the lease. They granted nothing but that if the language of the lease states with precision what we were instructed to lease. They waived nothing, they abandoned nothing that does not appear on the face of the papers specifically, and as to this particular franchise for building a road from Canon City to Leadville I have a perfectly distinct and emphatic recollection. If the granting clause either leases anything but the road of the Denver Company constructed at the time the lease was made or in any way conveys, waives, or abandons any franchise of the Denver company to build any extension and especially if it conveys, waives, or abandons the right to build a railway from Canon City to Leadville; it does exactly the opposite of what I was instructed to do and was told that the Denver company was to convey." Further Mr. Lothrop testified if my recollection is not absolutely at fault General Palmer having expressed great confidence in the existence of this right and in the final decision of the court in his favor, Mr. Nickerson said to him in substance if not in these exact words, "You may be right, General, or you may be wrong. It is not a matter for you and me to determine, that is a matter before the courts. Its a matter for the court to settle."

Mr. Bass, then in reference to article 3 of the lease upon which he said his opponents seemed to place great reliance, read the following extract from the testimony of Mr. Russell: "I have no distinct recollection that it was ever proposed by any one in those discussions to include in the lease anything beyond the then constructed road of the Denver and Rio Grande railway. I know that it was more than once called to the attention of parties and counsel in the course of the discussion, that the lease only included the constructed portion of the Denver and Rio Grande railway. The discussion was terminated by referring to the Potts Schlesinger agreement of October 4th, as not containing anything upon that subject, and by changing the phraseology of this article in such a manner as to leave nothing in the lease which should determine that question, whether the road should be built under the charter of the Denver and Rio Grande railway, that being treated as a matter outside the agreement, and in which the parties did not concur and therefore outside the lease."

This evidence, Mr. Bass claimed, was corroborated by every witness on his side of the case, at least, as it was also by Mr. Shattuck, one of the Atchison counsel present at Boston during the negotiations, who said that from day to day, and until the phraseology of the lease was finally fixed, on the 16th day of October, as to Article 3, that General Palmer was urging and insisting upon the road being built under the Rio Grande charter.

General Palmer's testimony on this point was positive and undisputed, as follows: "I urged that these franchises and rights should be taken and utilized in the interest of both sides in the manner I have suggested, and thus settle all the debts, contracts, and subscriptions for the extension of the Rio Grande road. I claimed that the negotiations had opened with the proffer of a resolution, on their part, of consolidation, and that this was what consolidation meant, if anything. Mr. Nickerson replied that the ruling of the Court had been against us, and that he did not consider that the Denver Company had any rights, or any special rights, in the Canon, and that I could talk the matter over with his lawyers, in regard to my claim that the Denver & Rio Grande Company's charter should be used in the Canon to Leadville, and that while he did not consider it likely that they could do so, yet he would take it under advisement." However, both then and at all times throughout the negotiations, he (Mr. Nickerson) did not decline my proposition that the charter of the Denver company should be used to build through the Canon but always left it as an open and undetermined question." That this matter was undiscussed and not a subject of negotiation even at the very close of the agreements was admitted by Messrs. Nickerson, Reynolds, and Speare of the other side and confirmed by the testimony of General Palmer. All the evidence on both sides tended to prove the same facts and he would leave it to his learned friends to torture the testimony as they chose in order to deduce from it any other meaning.

As to the stopping work in the Canon and the letters and telegrams sent with regard to the same Mr. Bass stated that there was a conflict in the testimony of the plaintiff's witnesses. Some of them testify uniformly that the only object expected to be accomplished was a stoppage of expenditures. After the papers had been signed Mr. Nickerson had said to General Palmer what can we do to stop expenditures in Colorado, going on to say that he was expending at the rate of about a thousand dollars per day. General Palmer was also expending a great deal of money and replied that he was willing and anxious to do anything he could in order to stop expenditures. Mr. Nickerson and Mr. Speare, however, swear, that the consideration for the execution of this paper was that they were to stop building from Pueblo to Canon City and stop their survey from Pueblo to Denver. We could see at once how frivolous was that pretence by the lease just signed. They had agreed not to build parallel lines to the D. R. G. constructed line, and they could not if that lease was to go into effect build those lines. Was it natural then before the ink was dry upon the pens with which they had signed the lease that General Palmer should waive any such right which he had been from the 6th to the 10th of October from day to day struggling and striving to maintain. The object of those despatches was to stop expenditures as far as practicable but with no design or contemplation that any legal rights of either party should in any way be waived or abandoned. Why he would ask should General Palmer waive these rights for nothing, for there was no considerations in the papers for it either expressed or implied? General Palmer had intended as as a matter of economy to withdraw these men to await the decision of the supreme court, until Mr. Meyer, his counsel, suggested to him that in case he withdrew his men from the work in the Canon these gentlemen on the other side would do just what they seek now to do.

In conclusion Mr. Bass reed a part of a letter of Sebastian B. Schlesinger who was in Europe and therefore had not been examined as a witness in the case. The letter was addressed to Mr. Nickerson and was as follows:

The lease of the Denver & Rio Grande railroad company conveys only *"the railroad heretofore constructed and operated by that company" and describes it. It distinctly promises that "all rights and privileges other than these (specified) were expressly reserved and exempted."* I understood at the time that this agreement was made that this reserved and exempted from the lease the rights to make any and all extensions and new railroads, including that through the Canon, which the Denver company might have; and the language which I have quoted seems to me, apt and explicit for th purpose. The agreement fixes the debt of the Denver road at $22,664 per mile, but recognizes an existing debt in excess of this amount to be provided for by that company and which the exempted rights and franchises—for they had no other exempted property furnished the principal, if not the only means to provide for—if these franchises were of any value. If I had any thought about it at the time, it was that *he* regarded the franchises he retained as valuable and *you* thought them substantially worthless; and it seems to me that while he holds them now with tenacity, as he has a right to under the lease, as I read it, your view as to their value has been materially modified."

## GENERAL NEWS.

#### In Honor of Bishop Potter.

NEW YORK, November 22.—Services in commemoration of the consecration of Bishop Horatio Potter of the Diocese of New York were held in the Trinity Church to day. The seats in the nave were reserved for the clergy who entered through the lower door on Broadway, the other persons in attendance entering through the side doors on Broadway soon occupied all sittings not reserved. A great number of clergymen were present and very many of the distinguished laymen.

#### After the Shower.

NEW YORK, November 22.—The stock market is strong, and speculation is very firm in tone, the flurry or panic of yesterday having entirely disappeared. Prices advanced steadily from the opening till noon, when an improvement of from ½ to 7½ per cent had been established, the latter in Delaware & Hudson. As the stock brokers say, the shower at the exchange is over, and the umbrellas are returned to their cases. Interpreted, this means that the excitement in the stock market has waned, that the decline in stocks has been checked, and the prices are advancing. The fact that there was only one failure after the great decline is spoken of as showing that the losses were in a good part wiping out the profits on paper.—The recent break was the work of large speculators, some of whom were heavily short of the entire list, and some of whom were short only in a moderate amount of general stocks, and wanted an opportunity to buy back stocks which they had sold out which they needed. The speculators who wanted Wabash were also heavily short in coal stocks, and there was a general short interest in Erie.

NEW YORK, November 22.—The stock market exhibited no trace of yesterday's excitement and depression in speculation being characterized almost throughout the day by buoyancy. Prices opened at a considerable advance and improved steadily. The prices advanced steadily until the quotations had advanced to 7 per cent., the coal shares leading toward the close. There was a reaction of ½ to 3½ per cent but the decline was partly recovered on the final dealings when the market exhibited a firm turn.

NEW YORK, November 22.—Silver bars, 115½; coin, from 3⅛@¾ per cent. discount; money, from 4@7 per cent. premium; governments and stocks firm. Western Union, 104; Quicksilver, 22¾; Pacific Mail, 29¾; Mariposa, 2; Wells, Fargo & Co., 19; New York Central, 29½; Erie, 38⅛; Panama, 165; Union Pacific, 85; Bonds, 109¾; Central Pacific, 110¼; Sutro Tunnel, 4⅞; Leadville, 3½; Caribou, 5¾.

#### Wool Market.

BOSTON, Nov. 22.—The wool market during the past week has been more excited than at any time this year. News of buoyant opening of sales in London caused this rush of business here, but they found most of the desirable wool held at a considerable advance and the market fully 2 to 3 cents higher than last week with a decided upward tendency. The highest price yet paid for XX fleeces is 50, but most of the stock has been withdrawn at less than 55 and some holders are not disposed to sell under 60. For No. 1 combing wool 55 has been offered and refused for 100,000 pounds although the highest prices attained as yet is 51 to 52½. There is more or less speculation inquiry, but the great bulk of sales are made to the manufacturers. The entire sales of the week amount to 5,298,000 pounds of domestic and 1,328,700 foreign making a total of 6,612,500.

#### A Relic of Barbarism

NEW CASTLE, DEL., Nov. 22.—Five prisoners, two white and three colored, were whipped to-day, each receiving twenty lashes. All were convicted of larceny.

#### The Lily and the Eagle.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 22.—The following are the messages between President Hayes and President Grevy on the opening to the public of the new French cable.

The President of the French Republic inaugurates the cable which unites France and America by sending an expression of his most cordial sentiments to the President of the Republic of the United States.

President Hayes sent the following reply:

To the President of the French Republic, Paris—The President of the United States acknowledges with great satisfaction the agreeable message by which the President of the French Republic makes known to him the completion and successful operation of the trans Atlantic cable, and hopes that it may never be a vehicle of any other messages between the governments and people of the two countries than those of friendship and respect.

#### Vanderbilt Syndicate.

NEW YORK, Nov. 22.—The Tribune says it is now understood there is an obstacle in the way of the completion of the arrangements for the sale of two million dollars of New York Central stock by the Vanderbilt syndicate of buyers. They wished to bind him not to sell any more for a year. Vanderbilt is reluctant to consent to this condition and denies that he entertains propositions.

#### A Horrible Story of a Sea Fight.

NEW YORK, November 22.—A letter to the Star and Herald, Panama, giving the details of the fight with the Peruvian ironclad Huascar, says the scene on board the Huascar at the moment of surrender baffles description, and on seeing the wreck composed of thick iron twisted in every conceivable shape, splinters of wood broken, rifles, swords and furniture all mixed with fragments of flesh, the deck flowing with blood, one could only gaze in wonder at the deadly effects of modern arms. The cabin of the commander was destroyed and where it existed were a number of dead bodies. The only part that could be found of the commander, Grau, was a foot and a small part of the leg. The body of the second commander was in a frightful condition. One of the large balls had struck him in the head carrying the whole upper part away and leaving only a fragment of the lower jaw with beard attached. On the right leg were four wounds and the right arm and sides were completely smashed.

According to the Huascar's roster, there were over sixty persons missing. These are accounted for by the statement that from bursting shells, some of the crew were blown into the sea, while others were blown into fragments. One shell killed eighteen persons. So rapid and fatal was the firing that the deck of the Huascar was completely cleared, and it was difficult to find any one willing to run the risk of coming up to lower the flag, four in succession having lost their lives in the attempt, it was successfully accomplished by a negro. It is thought that $30,000 will make the Huascar fit for sea and fighting again; although her whole upper works were knocked to pieces by the Chilian fire.

#### A Just Sentence.

CHEYENNE, November 22.—D. J. McCaffin was found guilty of disposing of government property while he was a United States Indian contractor, and sentenced by the United States District Judge to-day to a year and a half's imprisonment in the penitentiary, to pay the costs of the suit, and a fine of $1,000, and to replace the property stolen.

#### Peru Blockaded.

NEW YORK, November 22.—A dispatch from Valparaiso of the 19th says that Peruvian ports are blockaded. Those which were raised about a month ago have again been blockaded, and cut off from communication with the outside world.

### FOREIGN.

#### The Irish Agitation.

LONDON, November 22.—The meeting at Balla to-day has lost much of its importance in consequence of the announcement by Parnell last night that the expected evictions of Balla with respect to which inflammatory placards had been circulated, calling on the people of the assembly to reinstate the tenants will not be made, the rent having been paid, but there will however be a meeting. A correspondent says the discussion now principally turns on the point whether the words used by Michael Davitt and others were within the sedition law. Whether the government will obtain their conviction there is no doubt of this even among eminent lawyers. On the other hand there is no question of the general desire for some vindication of the authority of the law. It is not believed there can be any section of British people nor any considerable number of Irish who do not wish to see the agitation ended. Additional regiments are reported under orders to proceed to Ireland. The army and navy Gazette says no actual orders have been issued warning the regiments to be ready to go to Ireland.

DUBLIN—6 P. M.—Nov. 22. A letter from Balla, county Mayo, says yesterday there were no extra police in the town, and the chances of anything violent occurring were extremely few. A good deal of apprehension however prevails in Dublin. A placard signed by Charles I. Parnell and Mitchell is extensively posted in the Balla district, addressed to the men of Mayo, earnestly counselling them to be dignified and orderly. It concludes as follows:

"Give no excuse for violence on the part of the government and our great cause is won."

Parnell accompanied John Dillon and Thomas.

THE EFFECT IN THIS COUNTRY.

NEW YORK, November 22. A dispatch from Pottsville, Pa., says there will be a general turning out of the Irish nationals throughout to morrow and at a recent meeting of nationalists at Mahoney City, it was resolved to take up the cause of Davitt, Killin, and Daly. In nearly every village, town, and city in the coal and iron country are lodges of Irish nationalists or branches of the Fenian confederacy and meetings of these organizations have been called for to morrow. A leading officer of the ancient order of Hiberians says: "Hundreds of members are anxious to depart immediately to Canada to invade the British possessions in retaliation for the arrest and imprisonment of three advocates of Ireland's liberty.

LONDON, Nov. 22.—Later advices from Balla indicate that extraordinary precautions have been taken by the government. More than a hundred policemen were stationed near the place of meeting and some cavalry were in the vicinity ready for immediate action. Parnell spoke in addition to the resolution already mentioned. One was passed stating eviction had been abounded, and another urging the people to continue the agitation. Great excitement prevails in the Balla district adjoining the counties. A number of special correspondents of the London press attended the meeting.

DUBLIN, Nov. 22.—Eminent counsel have been engaged to defend the Ligo prisoners. It is expected by the Nationalists that the evidence of the government short-hand writer on which the whole case depends will be taken down.

CORK, Nov. 22.—A detachment of troops left here last night for Buttevant in this county. This is supposed to be in consequence of the urgent private information received by the government. There is likely to be several arrests in Ireland, to day of well known ringleaders in the present agitation.

#### Tariff in France.

PARIS, November 22.—Paul Le Roy Beoule, in an article in the Journal Des Rates on American competion, says that he thinks that European agriculture will not capitulate, since it has the capital and labor, and the great cost of tranportation from inner America to Europe is on its side. Ceoule urges the legislators to reduce the duties on iron, which enhances the expenses of French tillers. He says that they must be fostered.

#### The Storm Reaches England.

LONDON, November 22.—A dense fog prevails over London. The weather throughout the kingdom for the past three days has been cold and the snow fell to day.

BERLIN, November 22. The winter has set in with severity here and all over the northern part of the continent. The snow is deep in Berlin.

PARIS, November 22.—The early snow has driven the wolves from the forests in the Department of Marine and peasants are organizing midnight hunting parties to protect their flocks.

#### West Indian Affairs.

HAVANA, November 22.—The governor of Puerto Principe has published an address to the inhabitants of that province in order to quiet any misgivings which might lead the country people to abandon their work upon which depends the prosperity of the province. The governor announces that complete tranquility prevails their being no insurgents under arms in Puerto Principe except an insignificant number under Gays Benitz, who had crossed the river Jobala coming from Los Tunas. They are in the Choilla mountains so closely pressed by the government that they were obliged to divide into parties numbering three or four men each and consequently powerless for harm.

#### Death of The Widow of Charles Dickens.

LONDON, November 22. The widow of Chas. Dickens died at her residence at Gloucester, Crescent Park, this morning after an illness of eighteen months.

#### Royal Gossip.

LONDON, November 22.—The Ex-Empress Eugenie arrived in Paris on Thursday night, by authorization of the government, on her way to Spain. The authorization was through the medium of the English embassy in Paris, and was at once granted. The Ex-Empress alighted at the residence of the Duke de Motscby, and started on Friday for Madrid. During her stay the doors of her host were rigorously closed, to prevent any misconstruction which might have been put on the marks of respectful homage on the part of her partisans.

The Arch Duchess Marie Christina, the future Queen of Spain, left for Madrid by a special train an hour before the Ex-Empress started for that city.


ATTENTION ALL!

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GLOVES,
SHIRTS,
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CLOTHS,
DENIMS,
CORSETS,
RIBBONS,
FRINGES,
BUTTONS,
HOSIERY,
BLPACAS,
MOHAIRS,
DEBEGES,
MERINOS,
NAPKINS,
BLANKETS,
GINGHAMS,
CAMBRICS,
CHEVIOTS,
ALANKETS,
CRETONNES,
TRIMMINGS,
UNDERWEAR,
CASHMERES,
BLANKETS,
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THOMAS PREECE, at the Star Meat Market, keeps constantly on hand the choicest fresh and salt meats, and vegetables, which he sells at the lowest living prices. South Tejon street, opposite National Hotel.

DON'T FORGET to try Kettlewell, at the Red Front Meat Market, for the very best meats, and cheaper than any other house in the city. Best cuts at 12½ cents. 11 20 tf

PECK & FARRAR have opened a new market on the north side of Pike's Peak Avenue, where the best of everything in the market line will be kept, and sold at living prices. 9-3 tf

C. F. TODD, dealer in fresh meats of all kinds, of good quality and at prices to suit the times. Market on east side of Tejon street. Highest market price paid for fat cattle, calves, sheep, and all kinds of meats.

DOWNING & BRIGHAM, wholesale and retail dealers in Beef, Pork, Mutton, Game, Salt Meats, etc., City Market, Tejon street.

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S. B. WESTERFIELD, Huerfano street, opposite Gazette office, dealer in furniture and undertakers' goods.

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COLORADO SPRINGS MUSEUM, W. B. Norton, proprietor. A fine line of Rocky mountain curiosities kept constantly on hand. Views $1.50 per dozen. Visitors welcome.

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ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW. Office in Room No. 1, Hull's Building, North Tejon Street, Colorado Springs, Colorado. 11-25-1m*

A. DANFORD,

ATTORNEY AT LAW. Office Room 3, Union Block, Colorado Springs, Colorado. 7-23-tf.

J. L. MENAGER,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.—Leadville, Colorado, opposite Tabor Opera House. Post office box 448. 7-9-tf

J. C. HELM,

ATTORNEY AT LAW. Office opposite El Paso County Bank. 6-9tf.

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Edward Everett Hale advocates a homestead suffrage. This is as good a way to limit it as any. It is important that voters have something at stake and be responsible. Universal suffrage at present is not proven feasible.

The great panic in New York on Friday was the natural result of the speculative fever of the past few weeks. It justifies all we have said in favor of the withdrawal and extinction of the greenback currency. The republican party should make this their boom this winter. It will pay better than an agitation of the southern question.

The *News* and *Tribune* are now in a first class fight. The latter's offer yesterday was fair, open, explicit and right to the point. We have little sympathy for the former in its present uncomfortable plight, for it has been hypocritical in its professions, dishonest in its discussions, and altogether too boastful for its deeds. We shall read with interest the *News'* answer.

The movement in Leadville to lynch the footpads, bunko steerers and lot jumpers that infest that city was a last resort. The city police force have always been in league with the worst elements, and therefore the administration of the law has been weak. Leadville's best citizens have always been quite conservative and we think this movement is undertaken by this class. Lynch law is perfectly justifiable under some circumstances and we think such circumstances exist in Leadville.

Now and then a southern man can be found who appreciates the kindness of the north and reciprocates friendly efforts for reconciliation. Hon. W. B. Felton, a representative in congress from Georgia in a recent letter said: "one of the first acts of President Hayes after his inauguration was to withdraw the army from every southern state where they had been stationed in violation of law, and during this entire war of politicians there was not a single soldier interfering with the ballot-box of the states, and we had the direct assurance of this patriotic President that during his term of office no soldier should approach the ballot-box to interfere with the freedom of elections. Yet we received his protestations with ribald jest and biting sarcasm, and 'his fraudulency' was the mildest epithet we applied to this president, who, for this patriotic work, should receive the respect and gratitude of every southern man." The criticism of Mr. Felton on the treatment of President Hayes by the south exactly coincides with the feeling in the north, and accounts for the prominence of the southern issue this fall.

The great improvement in business is being shown in every department but in none more than in building material. The *Manufacturer and Builder* for November gives the rise in the cost of many articles used in construction. It says "nails are 70 per cent higher to-day than they were at the beginning of the present year. Window weights have advanced fully 75 per cent.; locks and knobs have risen nearly 45 per cent.; tacks and kindred goods 25 per cent.; common door butts and hinges fully 100 per cent.; and such other odds and ends of hardware as are used in building, an average of no less than 40 per cent. Common window glass, either French, German or American, cannot be bought to-day within 20 per cent. as cheap as it could on the 1st of January. Blinds have been unprofitably low and the present prices constitute a rise of from 35 to 44 per cent. Sashes with glass ready set are over 30 per cent dearer to-day than at the beginning of the year. In brick there has been, since the 1st of January, an advance on some grades of common of over 30 per cent. The cost of plumbing a house to-day is from 20 to 25 per cent. greater than on the 1st of January."

Secretary Sherman in his estimate for this year asks for $1,000,000 less than congress appropriated last year. We fancy the quiet and economical reforms in the administration are likely to be a powerful aid to the Sherman boom. While Senator Conkling and his sympathizers have been railing at the administration for not doing partisan work; the administration has been working valuable reforms which are seen in reduced expenses and increased receipts. In our opinion this is the best kind of partisan work. The country thinks most of that party which when in power, is liberal enough, broad enough and wise enough, to understand that it is not in power to administer the laws in the interest of a party, but of the whole people. President Hayes' administration of the government has taught the people to expect non-partisanship in the best sense from our rulers. This is a good work in itself. The day is passed when the government is expected to reward and support political wire pullers, or to pay the expenses of political campaigns. The old legend "He serves his party best who serves his country best" is as true to-day as ever.

During the controversy between the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe and the Rio Grande, the *News* espoused the cause of the latter road, and after a time came to be considered as the organ of the narrow gauge. Recently the agents of the Rio Grande visited Leadville for the purpose of convincing the people that the company was only anxious to have the case decided on its merits, in order to remove the present blockade. If the *News* continues to hold the position recently taken in its columns, the result will be to throw a cloud on the sincerity of the promises of the Rio Grande, in the minds of the people, as the *News* exhibits a disposition to prevent the building of the road up the valley at all, unless it can be built by the Rio Grande, and is so far diametrically opposed to the interests of Leadville. Does the Colorado Springs GAZETTE indorse the recent utterances of the Denver papers? *Leadville Herald.*

From the beginning of this discussion the GAZETTE has been in full accord with the Leadville papers. We believe that the interests of the state demand an immediate settlement of the Grand Canon litigation so that some road can build to Leadville. The GAZETTE like the *News* has espoused the cause of the Rio Grande as against the Santa Fe, but we have by no means followed the latter paper in all its inconsistent wanderings. We favor the building of a railroad up the Arkansas as a matter of public policy. As to the position of the Rio Grande officials on this subject one may judge by their acts. In July they asked Judge Hallett for the appointment of a receiver to build the road, and have persistently fought every delay. The Atchison company on the other hand procured the delay in October without any respectable excuse in spite of earnest protests of Rio Grande counsel and opposed the receiver in July.

### LITERARY NOTES.

Houghton, Osgood & Co. have published Miss Phelps' new book. "Sealed Orders and other Stories."

Henry Holt & Co. are printing a second edition of Champlin's "Young Folks' Cyclopædia of Common Things."

"The Manliness of Christ," is the title of a book by Thomas Hughes, Q. C., "Tom Brown," which is about to appear.

Roberts Bros. announce that "The Light of Asia" has passed through two editions, and that the third is now in press.

The following literary notes have been compiled and condensed from our exchanges or received from the publishers:

D. Lothrop & Co.'s new books include "Baby's Portfolio," fifteen large waterproof cloth cards with bewitching pictures.

A novelette of some originality is "Burning their Ships," by Mr. Barnet Phillips, issued as No. 125 of Harper's Half-Hour Series.

Belfords, Clark & Co., of Chicago, propose to issue in book form the series of critical essays on the "Modern Thinkers," by Professor Denslow, which have recently attracted attention.

Macmillan & Co. have published a series of admirably simple, clear, and interesting lectures by the late Professor Clifford, on the brain, nerves and eyes, called "Seeing and Thinking."

Porter & Coates will publish in time for the holidays, "George in Camp; or, Life on the Plains," being the first volume of the Roughing it Series, by Harry Castlemon, whose books are all popular with boys.

Mr. Burdette has made a collection of his best humorous pieces under the title of "Hawk-Eyes," which G. W. Carleton & Co. will publish soon, in popular form, illustrated with fifty comic sketches by Hopkins.

In "Famous French Authors," a book translated from the French and published by R. Worthington, one may find sketchy word portraits of about twenty distinguished writers of France, some still living and some dead, with reference to their principal works.

There has appeared the first number of a new monthly, entitled, "The Heir of the World," edited by Mr. George W. Greenwood, of which the object is to advocate the identity of the lost tribes of Israel with the Anglo-Saxon race.

The new "No Name" novel is styled "His Majesty, Myself;" it has this motto from Coleridge: "I once knew a man who had advanced to such a pitch of self-esteem that he never mentioned himself without taking off his hat."

The "Character Sketches from Dickens," which Cassell, Petter & Galpin have already announced, will be ready next week. There are six of them. They are after drawings by F. Barnard, who is well known in England as an illustrator of Dickens, and are of large folio size.

May Alcott Nieriker has written, for the benefit of young American women with ambition to become artists, upon "Studying Art Abroad and How to Do it Cheaply." It is a little book full of the most practical advice. Supposing that the would-be artist is not wealthy, she starts with her at the steamer dock on this side, tells her what to do in preparation for the voyage, and where to bend her steps upon arriving in Liverpool. London, Paris and Rome are each described, so far as the artists' world is concerned.

The little volume of "Selections from Fenelon," published in the "Wisdom Series" of Roberts Brothers, is made up of a memoir of the distinguished abbe, and of extracts of his writings, grouped under the titles of "Spiritual Letters to Women," "Letters to Men," "Christian Counsels" and "Reflections and Meditations."

Charles Scribner's Sons publish the volume of Dr. Schaff's edition of "Lange's Commentary" which contains Numbers and Deuteronomy. This completes the translation of Lange's work, but the editor announces that there is a supplementary and original volume in preparation which is to treat the apocryphal books.

Houghton Osgood & Co., are publishing a series of artists biographies to be complete in five volumes. The first volume treats of Raphael, Leonado Da Vinci, and Michael Angelo; the second of Titian, Guido and Claude. They are illustrated by heliotype reproductions of their famous masterpieces.

A richly illuminated and very ancient MS. volume "St. Gregory Vikafayer's History of the Martyrs" of twelve hundred pages in the Armenian language, was sold recently at auction in New York. It was found in a Sicilian monastery and was brought to this country by Mr. Oscanyan, Consul General of the Ottoman Empire.

Dr. E. C. Wines will soon print his book on "The State of Prisons" the world over. It will make 800 octavo pages, is in six books and contains one thirty-two chapters. The concluding book will be devoted to such foreign countries as China, Japan, Liberia, and the Hawaiian Islands. The larger title will be "Reformatory, Penal, and Preventive Institutions."

Oliver Johnson's book on Garrison will be called "William Lloyd Garrison and his Times; or Sketches of the Anti-slavery Movement in America." John G. Whittier will contribute to it an introduction. It will comprise between 360 and 400 pages, and B. B. Russell & Co., of Boston, expect to have it ready by the holidays.

Professor Henry Morley of England has just published a revised edition of his First sketch of English Literature. The price is reduced to two dollars. This is by far the most valuable book for reference on English literature yet published. We recently spoke of the American edition of this work, edited by Professor Tyler of Michigan University, but we think the English edition preferable.

Charles Scribner's Sons have published "The Boy's Froissart," edited by Sidney Lanier. For inspiring one with an interest in medieval history this book has no equal outside of the Waverly novels. It is just the book to put in the hands of a boy, and will prove an excellent antidote to a love for dime novel literature. The stories are always fascinating and what is better always pure in their influences. This edition is well illustrated.

The first number of the second volume of Mrs. Lamb's "History of the City of New York" will be ready for subscribers, at Messrs. A. S. Barnes & Co.'s, on or about December 1. In the beginning of the second volume she takes up the thread of the narrative at the threshold of the Revolution, and carries the reader through the exciting year 1775, pointing out the part played by New Yorkers. The number will contain excellent portraits of Gen. Phillip Schuyler, Wynant Van Zandt, Richard Montgomery, and a full page monotint illustration. The entire volume will be issued at stated intervals in numbers.

Mr. George W. Cable, a frequent contributor to *Scribner's* and *St. Nicholas*, is a native of New Orleans, and is now thirty-five. His father was born in Virginia and his mother in Indiana, whence they emigrated to Louisiana in the dark days of '37. At the age of fourteen young Cable was left by the death of his father the sole support of the family, and the next ten years of his life were spent in the counting room. He never went to college, but has labored hard in sickness and in health to supply the deficiency, having carried text books in his haversack in the cavalry column of the Confederate army. His first connection with print was in a reportorial capacity with the New Orleans *Picayune*; his first magazine article was the story of "Sieur George," in *Scribner's Monthly* for October, 1873.

The American Book Exchange of New York is doing good missionary work in behalf of respectable literature, by republishing standard works at extremely low prices. They published a good edition of Chambers' Cyclopedia of English literature for $2.00. Taine's English Literature can be bought for 90 cents, Adventures of Don Quixote for 50 cents, Baron Munchausen for 50 cents, and Cary's translation of the works of Dante for 50 cents. In the Acme Library of Standard Biography published at 35 cents a volume each complete is Frederick the Great, by Macaulay; Robert Burns, by Carlyle; Mahomet, by Gibbon, Martin Luther, by Chevalier Bunsen; Mary Queen of Scots, by Lamartine; Joan of Are, by Michelet; Hannibal, by Thos. Arnold; Cæsar, by Liddell; Cromwell, by Larmartine; William Pitt, by Macaulay; Columbus, by Larmatine; Vittora Collona, by Trollope. These books are published in cloth and are good enough for a library. The same firm also publish a "Library Magazine" which is made up from papers in the best foreign reviews, containing about 2,000 pages a year at the remarkably low subscription of $1.00.

The most popular children's book of the season appears to be Mr. Henry T. Coates' "The children's Book of Poetry." It is a beautiful and valuable book for a holiday present. The poems are classified under the heads Baby Days, Play Days, Lessons of Life, Animals and Birds, Trees and Flowers, Nature, Religion, Christmas and New Year. Old Tales and Ballads and Famous Poems for Older children, the last-named class beginning with "John Gilpin's Ride." There are nearly two hundred engravings from designs by Gustave Dore, Harrison Weir, J. E. Millais, George H. Thomas, Giacomelli and other well-known artists. Mr. Coates is much praised for his judicious selection. A large number of the poems are spirited and narrative so as to attract the children.

### RELIGIOUS NOTES.

Roman Catholics are sending missionaries to Afghanistan.

New Jersey has 175 Baptist churches, with 32,000 members.

The New York Flower Mission received 144,000 bouquets during the season.

Mr. Gladstone went with Dean Stanley to hear Pere Hyacinthe preach in Paris.

Mr. Moody finished his work in Cleveland with the meeting of the Christian Convention.

In gratitude for the birth of a son, the Duke of Norfolk, a Roman Catholic, is to build ten churches.

The Old Catholics, are about to start a church at New Orleans. This is their first movement in America.

The number of Christianized Jews in England is set at 3,000 a very liberal estimate, it is thought.

A Mennonite mission is about to be established among the Indians of Kodjah Island, 600 miles west of Sitka.

A movement is on foot to have Joseph Cook deliver a series of lectures in Mr. Spurgeon's London Tabernacle.

Dr. Behow's sermon Thanksgiving Day will be the first occasion of a Christian minister's preaching in a Jewish temple.

It was only five years ago that Joseph Cook began the series of Monday noon lectures in Boston which have made him famous.

Several Mormons who are indicted for polygamy by the grand jury at Salt Lake City, will be tried at the next term of the United States Court.

Mr. Spurgeon is so unwell that he was recently compelled to rest one knee upon a chair during a part of a service at the Metropolitan Tabernacle.

Mr. Spurgeon recently announced that the sermon he was about to preach was the 1500th that he had delivered from his pulpit and then printed.

Ex-President Woolsey's paper, read before the Evangelical Alliance at St. Louis, vigorously asserted the right to legislate for the protection of the Lord's Day.

Merchant princes of Glasgow contributed the $150,000 to erect the fine building of the Glasgow Christian Institute when Lord Shalfsbury opened in October.

A German Protestant lady who called on Pope Leo was much astonished to find that he was willing to bestow his blessing on her, after she had told him her faith.

Teachers to the number of 890 are employed by the American Missionary Association for the 7,207 pupils in its 11 schools for the freedmen. To educate colored teachers is the chief purpose of the Association.

Bronson Alcott, the sage, called Ralph Waldo Emerson a Christian theist, in the presence of Joseph Cook. The latter agreed that the Concord philosopher is a theist, but was not sure that he is quite Christian.

Bishop Herzog, a leader among the Old Catholics of Switzerland, who rebelled against the dogma of Papal Infallability of 1870, is only about thirty-five years of age. He has a gentle, thoughtful cast of countenance.

The San Francisco tax collector, finding it impossible to collect the tax on a Chinese institution, levied on a wooden god found in the building, a god of importance, apparently, judging from the promptitude with which its votaries produced the money to redeem it.

The *Jewish Messenger* sees in the offer of a leading Roman Church to have masses said for the happiness of all persons who contribute $10 or more toward extricating it from financial straits, a resemblance to the sale of indulgences which Martin Luther denounced.

The great feast of the Courban Bairam this year will fall on November 25. The Mecca pilgrims will begin to collect at Jeddah about December 5 to take steamer to return homewards, and those who also visit Medina will gather at the seaport about February 5-15, 1880.

The Rev. Henry Morgan, of Boston, made a public vow that he would prosecute to the full extent of the law the first church in Boston, of whatever sect or creed, that advertised, set up, or promoted a lottery. To his "grief and sorrow" he found that his first indictment must fall on the Cathedral fair.

Through the influence of two colored missionaries sent to Bakunda, Africa, by Mr. Spurgeon's church last year, all the boys in the village of 1,000 people have been sent to school. When very sick last April the king made his will, commending his youngest son to the care of the missionaries and commanding his subjects to obey them and protect them and their wives.

The summary of British contributions to sixty-seven societies for foreign mission work during the last financial year shows a total amount raised of £1,071,944, or about £28,000 less than the receipts during the preceding year. The separate details for each society are too numerous for quotation, but the summary of the whole is as follows: Church of England missions, £473,110; joint societies of Churchmen and Nonconformists, £164,900; English Nonconformist societies, £290,844; Scotch and Irish Presbyterian societies, £133,601; Roman Catholic, £9,480.

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CITY LOTS!

Located in different parts of town. Also, over three hundred lots in

Larrish's Addition.

Across the Monument. A limited number of these lots, 25 x 150 feet, located on Huerfano street, I will sell for

$25.00 EACH!

The fine property known as the

CASCADE VILLAS,

Consisting of two houses of ten rooms each and two houses of eight rooms each, with a lot of ground 75 x 190 feet, is also offered for sale. I also have for sale numerous one acre and ten acre

GARDEN TRACTS,

Which may be cut up for building purposes. Also, a handsome, modernly fitted up residence and grounds at

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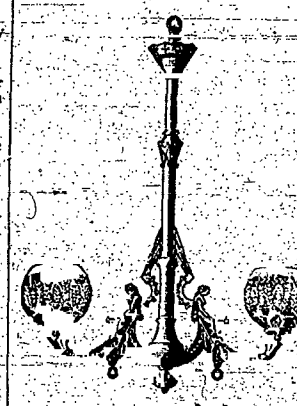
Give me a call before investing elsewhere.

M. L. DE COURSEY,
REAL ESTATE AGENT.

Office Next door South of El Paso County Bank. 10-14-tf



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PRACTICAL
PLUMBER & GAS-FITTER.

Dealer in all Plumbing and Gas-fitting Material. Orders taken for

Iron Mantels, Grates, etc

A Full Assortment of

IRON PIPE,

KEPT ON HAND FOR

Wells, Pumps and Mining Purposes.

ALL WORK DONE IN A FIRST-CLASS MANNER AND ALL MATERIAL OF BEST QUALITY.

Office and Residence Pike's Peak Ave., bet. Tejon and Nev. Ave. COLORADO SPRINGS

TOVES!

HARDWARE, STOVES & TINWARE,
Iron, Nails, Steel, Builders' Hardware,

MINERS AND CAMPERS SUPPLIES

GUNS, RIFLES, PISTOLS AND AMMUNITION.

Steward Ranges, Charter Oak and Stewart Cook Stoves,

Clinton and Bright Vision Base Burners.

THE CHEAPEST, BEST AND MOST COMPLETE LINE
OF
Cook and Heating Stoves in Colorado Springs.

See us before buying elsewhere. A first-class tin shop in connection with the store. Repairing and job work done with neatness and dispatch.

West Side Tejon Street, Colorado Springs. 9 5 tf DURKEE & LEE.

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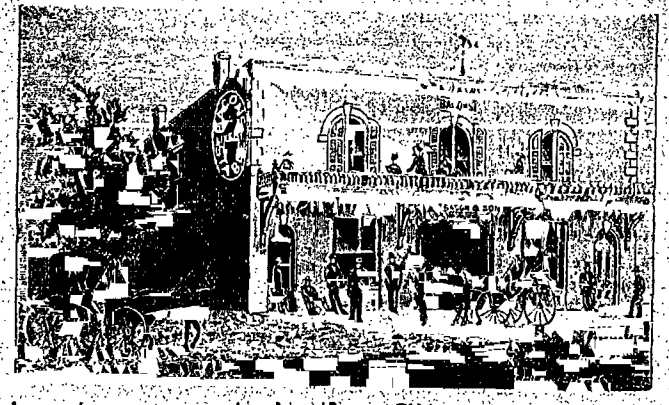

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*Does Not Affect the Price of*

GROCERIES!

*At the Extensive Establishment of*

Linus E. Sherman!

Buckwheat Flour, Honey,
Fresh Oysters, Green Apples,
Extra Honey Syrup, and all

The Best Goods at Lowest Prices!

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**Gentlemen's Piece Goods,**

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which he will make to order and

***Guarantee a Fit and the Best of Satisfaction.***

Call and see my stock, which is equal to the best. Colorado.

Prices Always Reasonable.

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I have the agency for S. L. North & Co.'s buggies and carriages, manufactured at Leavenworth, Kas. Photographs of specimens of these vehicles can be seen at my office.

Opposite El Paso Bank.

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WHIPPLE & EATON,

## Contractors & Builders,

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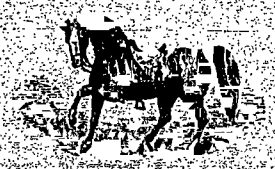

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HORSES WINTERED?

In good large roomy box stalls, plenty of feed and care, and moderate charges? Also exercised if desired. If so, apply to B. L. TERRY, at the Driving Park, or to post office box No. 543, Colorado Springs, Colorado.

*November 8, 1879.* 11-12-3m

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Queensware,

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CHANDELIERS, LAMPS, SILVER PLATED WARE, ETC.

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PLAIN SEWING

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*Will Sew for Families by the Day.*

Apply at Mrs. Hart's, second door east of Nevada avenue, on north side of Cucharas. 11-20-tf

MILLINERY,

Dry and Fancy Goods.

Latest styles in Hats and Bonnets, Flowers, Feathers and Ornaments. Ladies Gent's and children's underwear and hosiery, zephyrs, card board and all kinds of canvas and patterns for fancy work. P. ERICKSON,

Wellesley's new block opposite Postoffice.

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## Giddings and Stillman's.

COLORED VELVETS.

COLORED SATINS,

COLORED SILKS,

COLORED CASHMERES.

Black Brocade Silks, Black Velvets, Black Satins, Black Cashmeres.

PLAIN BLACK SILKS.

NEW FALL,

## Dress Goods,

*CLOAKS,*

*DOLMANS,*

*ULSTERS,*

*SILK FRINGES,*

*AND BUTTONS.*

We guarantee the quality of every Silk and Cashmere, and also guarantee prices no higher for the present than have prevailed at any time in the past three years, notwithstanding the recent advance elsewhere.

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REMOVAL!

REMOVAL!

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HAS REMOVED TO THE

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Where friends and strangers are invited to call.

*Department of Natural History*—Under the charge of Mr. C. E. Aiken, the best Taxidermist in the State, assisted by Mr. Mackenzie.

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Boston Brown Bread.

FINE STOCK OF FRENCH AND CREAM CANDIES.

CRACKERS, ETC.

Bread, Buns, Rolls, Pies of best quality fresh every day.

Wedding Cakes Made to Order.

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The only first-class bakery in the city.

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SHOP in block opposite Post Office. P. O. Box 155.

All work promptly attended to. 4 18 tf

Denver & Rio Grande Railway Extensions.

PROPOSALS.

For Cross-Ties.

COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO, October 29, 1879.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at the office of the undersigned until noon, November 29, 1879, for furnishing six hundred and forty thousand (640,000) cross ties for the graded road bed of the Denver & Rio Grande Railway between the junction of the San Juan and New Mexico lines near Conejos and the Animas river, a distance of about one hundred and sixty miles; said ties to be of good sound spruce or pine timber; the dimensions to be six [6] inches thick, not less than six [6] inches face, and six and one half [6½] feet long. Bidders will specify where they propose to deliver. Payments in cash on monthly estimates. Forms of proposal and contract can be had upon application to the undersigned. A sufficient indemnifying bond will be required in each case.

10 29 tf. R. F. WEITBREC, Treasurer.

COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO, October 29th, 1879.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at the office of the undersigned until noon, November 29th, 1879, for furnishing six hundred and forty thousand (640,000) cross ties for the graded road-bed of the Denver & Rio Grande Railway between the New Mexico State line and Albuquerque, a distance of about 160 miles, said ties to be of good sound spruce or pine timber; the dimensions to be six [6] inches thick, not less than six [6] inches face, and six and one-half [6½] feet long. Bidders will specify where they propose to deliver. Payments in cash on monthly estimates. Forms of proposal and contract can be had upon application to the undersigned. A sufficient indemnifying bond will be required in each case.

10 29 tf. R. F. WEITBREC, Treasurer.

For Grading.

COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO, October 31, 1879.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at the office of the undersigned until noon, December 10, 1879, for the grading of the New Mexico Extension of the Denver and Rio Grande Railway from a point near the town of Conejos to the crossing of the Rio Grande river near Cienguilla, a distance of about 57 miles. The profile, specifications, and form of bid can be seen at the office of J. A. McMurtrie, Chief Engineer, South Pueblo, Colorado, on and after November 30, 1879. Payments to be made monthly in cash on the estimate of the engineer in charge of the work, and within twenty days after the close of each month. Contractors are requested to examine the line before bidding. A suitable indemnifying bond will be required in each case.

R. F. WEITBREC, Treasurer.

COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO, October 29, 1879.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at the office of the undersigned until noon, December 20, 1879, for the grading of the San Juan Extension of the Denver & Rio Grande Railway from a point on the San Juan river near the mouth of the Piedras to the Animas river, a distance of about 38 miles. The profile specifications and form of bid can be seen at the office of J. A. McMurtrie, Chief Engineer, South Pueblo, Colorado, on and after December 15, 1879. Payments to be made monthly in cash on the estimate of the engineer in charge of the work, and within twenty days after the close of each month. Contractors are requested to examine the line before bidding. A suitable indemnifying bond will be required in each case.

10 29 tf R. F. WEITBREC, Treasurer.

COLORADO SPRINGS

*MATTRESS FACTORY*

All kinds of upholstering, repairing and cabinet work done at lowest prices. Call at shop opposite National Hotel on south Tejon street. Orders left for upholstering at S. E. Westerfield's and W. W. Roller's, will receive prompt attention. LEWIS RUMPF.

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## Colorado Springs Hotel

AND

CRAWFORD HOUSE,

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The undersigned has placed them in perfect order and will keep them in better shape and guarantee a superior table to any house in the city. More visitors can be accommodated than by any three hotels in the city, and is the best located. First-class in every respect, and are the only two hotels in the city that have an unobstructed view of the mountains. Terms moderate. *J. F. ATHERTON,*

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## CENTRAL HOTEL!

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The Best $2.00 per Day House in the State.

This Hotel is now open to the public. EVERY room has been newly papered, painted, calcimined, and furnished throughout with spring b.

It is located in the very cen the City, adjacent to all business houses. Free carriages to and from all trains. RATES:—$2.00 Per Day.

WM. RIDDLE & SON,

Having succeeded to the Proprietorship of the

## National Hotel,

Call the attention of the traveling public and residents of Colorado Springs to the convenient location, excellent rooms, and superior cuisine of the National. Everything will be done for the comfort of guests that an experience of many years in the business can suggest. 11 5 tf

M. LAUGIER

At Gen. Harris' old stand, receives three times a week,

FRESH OYSTERS

Of the best brand. Also fresh trout, white fish and bass, celery etc. Fresh California fruits and vegetables constantly on hand. Has opened a

RESTAURANT

And will dish up fresh fish and oysters in every style. 10 19 tf

# OPEN AT LAST!

AT TELTON'S OLD STAND ON TEJON STREET,

**Next door to the El Paso County Bank,**

AND ARE NOW RECEIVING OUR

# FALL AND WINTER STOCK

OF

## Dry and Fancy Goods, Notions, Etc.,

All Fresh and New Goods, Consisting of

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| **Dress Goods,** | **Black Dress Silks,** | **Colored Trimming Silks,** |
| **Silk and Cotton Velvets,** | **Cashmeres, Suitings,** | **Shawls, Ribbons,** |
| **Laces and Embroideries,** | **Carpets and Stair Cloths,** | **Towels, Diapers,** |
| **Corsets, Crashes,** | **Mats and Rugs,** | **Cloaks and Dolmans,** |
| **Water-Proof Cloaks,** | **Ladies' Knit Jackets,** | **Hoods, Nubias, etc.,** |
| **Ladies' and Children's Merino Underwear,** | **Ladies' and Children's Hosiery,** | **Ginghams, Prints,** |
| | **Cotton and Woolen Flannels,** | **White and Colored Blankets,** |
| ***Muslins, Cheviots,*** | **Woolen Yarns,** | |

And nearly everything usually kept in dry goods stores, all of which will be sold as low as the lowest. Please call and satisfy yourselves.

10-22-t MONK & INGALSBE.

FURS! FURS!

# FERRIS & MACKLIN

Have Just opened a large Stock of

**Ladies' Seal Sacques, Ladies' Muffs and Boa in Seal, Otter, Sable, Black Martin, Imitation Seal, Grebe, Squirrel, and Fox.**

LADIES' SEAL WALKING HATS AND TURBANS!

**MISSES' FURS IN GREAT VARIETY AT LOWEST MARKET PRICES!**

10 9 tf FERRIS & MACKLIN,

Pike's Peak Avenue and Tejon Street

DAY'S

# "Standard of the World,"

DURHAM

# SMOKING TOBACCO.

MANUFACTURED BY J. R. DAY & BRO. DURHAM, N. C.

***This Universal Smoking Tobacco has just ben brought out by***

# MR. J. R. DAY,

LATE MANUFACTURING PARTNER OF W. T. BLACKWELL & COMPANY,

***Who promises to give smokers in this, great improvement on the***

## Celebrated Durham Bull

***Which under his care and management has obtained such celebrity. He***

## Stakes His Reputation on this NEW PET,

***With full assurance that upon a fair trial its merits will win.***

**Try it once and it will do its Own Puffing.**

FOR SALE BY THE WHOLESALE TRADE GENERALLY. 11 1 m3

NewspaperArchive.com

# THE COLORADO SPRINGS GAZETTE

SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 23, 1879.

Official Paper of the City and County.


## TIME TABLE

### Denver and Rio Grande Railway.

TRAINS GOING SOUTH. | TRAINS GOING NORTH.

*Thro' Freight.* | *Way Freight.*

Arrive ........ | Arrive ........
Leave ........ | Leave ........

*San Juan Express.* | *San Juan Express.*

Arrive ........ | Arrive ........
Leave ........ | Leave ........

Through Tickets for sale to all principal points ... the depot. ... For full information ... call ...

C. A. SHARP ... Agent.

Probate Court, Judge Colburn presiding, will convene at the Court House next Monday.

Six of the bunko men who obeyed the warning to leave Leadville, have been recognized in Denver.

A messenger boy is wanted at the Western Union Telegraph office in this city. Ten dollars a month will be paid to a good boy.

A valuable horse and phaeton are advertised for sale this morning. In fact our columns are full of valuable advertisements.

From a card in this morning's daily it will be seen that County Superintendent Correy will hold an examination of teachers on next Friday, the 28th.

An important meeting of B Company, First Colorado Cavalry is called for tomorrow evening. Every member is requested to be in attendance at 7:30 o'clock sharp.

The Colorado Springs Quintette orchestra will play next Tuesday evening at Miss Rose Meeker's lecture, led by Jennie Reed, aged twelve years. Miss Jennie is the daughter of Mr. B. Reed of this city.

We noticed on our streets yesterday a number of prominent citizens from the Divide. Among them we might mention Squire Woodruff, of Monument; County Surveyor-elect Meek, Mr. E. Bemis and Mr. Henry Shank.

Messrs. Abbey & Page are rapidly disposing of their herd of thoroughbred bucks. Mr. Halley, a sheep owner on the Big Sandy, bought eleven a few days ago, and yesterday Mr. N. W. Perkins, of Fountain took twenty away from the yard.

Mr. Thomas Smith, who has the contract for digging the new cellar near the City Drug Store, is doing an excellent job of grading on South Tejon street, and now it has been suggested that the city pay him something for his work. It is certain that the street has been greatly improved.

A stranger in looking over the advertising columns of the GAZETTE would say that Con McGinley must be doing an immense business in the boot and shoemaking trade, for there can be no other men engaged in that business in the city. This is a logical conclusion, for the stranger judges of the industries of a place by the advertising columns of its newspaper.

At the annual election of officers of El Paso lodge, A. F. and A. M., held last evening, the following persons were elected officers for the ensuing Masonic year: A. Sagendorf, W. M.; J. H. Woodgate, S. W.; W. W. Roller, J. W.; I. Howbert, Treasurer; A. S. Welch, Secretary. Installation will take place on the evening of St. John's day, the latter part of December.

#### Personal.

Mr. Ed. Howbert has gone to Leadville on a short business trip.

Mr. John Townsend has returned to his old home in Missouri.

We had a call yesterday from Mr. John C. Brown, formerly of Van Buren, Mo.

Capt. Huddleston went south yesterday to the end of the A. T. & S. F. track, to look after the management of his teams at that point.

Judge Phillips, a brother-in-law of the late Rev. J. W. Pickett, has been in the city for a few days. He left for his home yesterday.

Appleton Wilkins, a mute boy of sixteen from near Greeley, arrived in the city Friday, and will remain in attendance on the institute here.

Mr. Frank H. Converse, of New Castle, Maine, a brother of Mr. W. H. Converse, has an interesting sea story in the November number of *St. Nicholas*. Mr. Converse is also a constant contributor to several other magazines and literary papers.

#### Blacksmiths in the "Bottom."

In our report of what we saw on Huerfano street, which was printed in last Tuesday's GAZETTE, we unintentionally omitted to make mention of the flourishing blacksmith shop which is under the management of the Biggs Bros., and the extensive establishment of Mr. G. B. Southcotte. These first-class workmen inform us that the "bottom still booms," and a visit to their places of business confirms this statement. Business is excellent and the prospect is encouraging. The Biggs Bros. propose to do as good a job of blacksmithing or horseshoeing as anybody and will do their best to give satisfaction. Mr. Southcotte has a splendid stock of wagon material on hand which he sells at bottom prices.

#### Denver and Rio Grande Extension.

All the Denver newspapers yesterday contained an account of the letting of contracts for the extension of the Rio Grande railroad. We copy the following from the *News* which gives full particulars concerning the matter. The pioneer narrow gauge company mean business in pushing the extension of their plucky road into the rich mining districts of the unexplored San Juan. In this city, yesterday, under the immediate supervision of Chief Engineer McMurtrie, contracts were let for grading and masonry work on one hundred and sixty-four miles of road, running from Conejos, in Conejos county, to Animas City, in the southwestern portion of the state, and in the center of a group of fertile valleys and half developed mines, that promise a rich harvest to capitalists and owners when development is complete.

The San Juan extension of the Denver and Rio Grande runs from Alamosa, the present end of the track, to the Animas river. The grade to Conejos, covering a distance of some thirty miles, was finished two years ago, but suffered to remain unimproved when the change came over the pioneer programme, now happily resumed under smiling auspices and with every prospect for brilliant success.

This extension does not touch Pagosa Springs, but passes by some twenty-four miles to the south.

Following is a synopsis of the contracts let yesterday:

To Carlile, Orman & Crook, the grading and masonry work for one hundred and fifteen miles.

To McGarrick & Tate, the grading and masonry work for twenty-four miles.

To Clark, Lipe & Co., the grading and masonry for twenty-one miles, including a tunnel through the ridge opposite Pinos canon, near the town of Conejos.

To McCarthy & Homan the grading and masonry work for four miles.

In all, one hundred and sixty-four miles, which, with the thirty miles already completed, will carry the grade from Alamosa to Animas City on the Animas river.

At Conejos the work of grading will now be resumed. Carlile, Orman & Crook have one hundred teams and some two hundred men already on the ground, ready to push things lively on this portion of the contract. The other contractors will engage in work at the earliest practicable moment, so that the entire line may be ready for traffic by July 1, 1880. This is nominated in the bonds.

The contract for the bridging and carpenter work has been given to Messrs. Donegan & Martel, two old and faithful Rio Grande employes.

Messrs. Carroll, Jones and others have engaged to deliver ties for the first forty miles of the extension. The number needed is 120,000.

Forty pound steel rails for use on this arm of the Rio Grande have commenced to arrive in this city. Track laying will be in order by January 1, and then the iron horse will continue to threaten the heels of the graders until he can quench his thirst in the Animas river.

#### Company B's Medal.

Yesterday we had the pleasure of examining the medal, now being made by Mr. Allen for Company B, to be presented on Thanksgiving day to the best marksman in the company. It is not yet polished and of course does not present as handsome an appearance as it will when completed. The medal will be of solid gold. The body will be bright yellow, the monogram "N. G." (for national guard) on crossed sabres, will be red, and a spray of leaves which will surround the monogram, will be green, thus giving the colors of red, yellow and green. It will be hung by a short band of of ribbon from a gold pin on which will be engraved "Company B."

#### Thanksgiving Services.

There will be a union Thanksgiving service at the new Congregational church next Thursday morning, beginning at half past ten o'clock. The citizens of Colorado Springs are requested to attend. It is suggested that it would be a fitting observance of the day to close the places of business, at least long enough to attend the Thanksgiving services.

The following programme will be observed, the Rev. R. T. Cross presiding and the speakers being limited to eight minutes:

Doxology and invocation; responsive psalms, chants and hymns; Scriptures, Dr. Lord; prayer, Rev. R. C. Bristol; anthem; address of thanksgiving for Domestic Blessings, Rev. W. L. Slutz; address of thanksgiving for Fruits of the Earth, Rev. James Goodman; address of thanksgiving for Peace and Civil Liberty, Rev. W. A. Hyde; address of thanksgiving for Educational Blessings, Dr. Kirkwood; appeal for Relief society, R. T. Cross; collection; hymn; benediction.

We would call attention this morning to the Thanksgiving dinner being prepared by the ladies of the M. E. church in this city. It will be given in the church building and will be one of the most elegant affairs of the kind every served in Colorado Springs. Look out for tickets for your dinner early.

Saturday must be an excellent day to our merchants at this season of the year, as so many people are in from the country. Yesterday our streets were crowded from morning till night.

#### LEADVILLE'S GAS WORKS COMPLETED.

##### The Highest in the World and as Good as the Best.

The gas works at Leadville have been completed and the tests which have been applied have given the most satisfactory results.

The active work which is now going forward in our own city towards the completion of the works here has aroused general interest in the matter. We therefore copy a portion of an article upon the Leadville works which appeared in the *Chronicle*.

The casual observer will often notice a short, thick-set man hurry into the Clarendon, rapidly eat his meals and as rapidly pass out of the hotel and down Harrison avenue and Chestnut street to his place of business, the gas works. This quick-moving, energetic gentleman, who is rarely ever seen about his hotel except at meal hours, is no less a personage than D. H. Irland, esq., of Cincinnati Ohio, who has just accomplished the feat of building and completing the Leadville gas works, the highest works of the character in the world.

It may be readily surmised that this undertaking has been of no little magnitude, and has at last been accomplished by Mr. Irland after a thorough test of his characteristic energy and well known skill. The obstacles that he has met with in the shape of the delay of freights, the severity of the weather and the altitude in which these works have been erected, have at last been overcome under the competent and skillfull supervision of our worthy contractor, and yesterday marked a new era in the progress of our magic city; for yesterday gas was turned on, and the fine retort house was brilliantly illuminated with gas generated by the company's own works.

The illuminiting power of this commodity, as observed by our reporter last night, was at least eighteen candle power. It certainly made us feel as though we were again in civilization to see the rich coal gas burning so brilliantly, and manufactured in our very midst. On Saturday last at eleven a. m. Gov. Tabor tossed the first shovelfull of coal into the retorts, and from that moment began the generation of gas, which will not only be a great luxury and convenience but will also add to the safety of our city and citizens. There are now about six feet of gas in the large holder or gasometer, and to-day the foul air will be driven out of the pipes, the flow of gas will pass through the street mains and the elastic illuminating substance will be ready for use to all customers. The excellent quality of the gas to be furnished by the Leadville Gas Company will be made from Trinidad coal which yields a heavier per cent. of gas than any other coal in the United States.

The Leadville gas works have four benches of retorts with three retorts to a bench, and when run to their full capacity will manufacture about eighty thousand cubic feet of gas per diem. The works are first-class in every respect, neither labor, time nor expense having been spared by our enterprising company in the erection and completion thereof. They selected the best known gas contractor in the United States and have placed as much money at his disposal as the most exacting person could require. The company is composed of Messrs. Tabor, Bush and Hall, and the first building they propose to illuminate is the Tabor Opera House. One hundred lamp-posts were shipped from the manufacturers on the eighth instant, but owing to unaccountable delays in the freight, they arrived at Canon City but last Thursday. They were immediately shipped to this place and will probably be here the latter part of this week. These lamp-posts, which are of approved pattern, will be set immediately upon their arrival and the citizens thus receive additional security from their cheerful rays. On Saturday last Mr. Irland sent eight of his machinists to Colorado Springs, for which town he is now erecting gas works. Mr. Ireland will leave here within a few days for the Springs, accompanied by N. F. Cleary, Esq., a lawyer of this city, to whose kindness we are indebted for the most of this article. Mr. Cleary organized the gas company at the Springs, secured the franchises for it and obtained for Mr. Irland the contract for the erection of the works.

In closing this article we cannot refrain from mentioning Mr. A. W. Fox and Jack Broderick, both of which gentlemen have largely contributed to the admirable completion of these works. Nor can we pass over without the highest commendations of the spirit of enterprise and public good which actuated our valuable citizens, Messrs. Tabor, Bush and Hall, in providing the city with such a useful convenience and commodity as "coal gas."

#### Church Notices.

We desire to make these notices as full and correct as possible. Clergymen who are desirous of assisting us in this purpose will confer a favor by sending their announcements to the office as early as 8 o'clock Saturday evening.

PRESBYTERIAN—Rev. T. C. Kirkwood, D. D. Services at 11 a. m. and 7.00 p. m.

Sunday school at 3 p. m.

CONGREGATIONAL Rev. R. T. Cross, pastor. The services at the new church at 11 a. m. and 7.00 p. m.

Sunday school at 12.15 p. m.

GRACE (Episcopal)—Rev. J. F. Walker, rector. No service to day.

Sunday school at 3 p. m.

CUMBERLAND PRESBYTERIAN—Rev. W. A. Hyde, pastor. Services at 11 a. m. and 7.00 p. m.

Sunday school at 9.30 a. m. J. H. Woodgate, superintendent.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL Rev. W. L. Slutz, pastor. Services at 11 a. m. Sunday School concert at 7 p. m.

The Rev. W. L. Slutz will preach in Manitou at 3 p. m.

Sunday school at 9.30 a. m.

Prayer meeting Wednesday evening at 7.30.

CATHOLIC—Rev. De la Hanty, rector. Morning services at 10.15; Sunday school at 2.30 p. m; vespers at 7.00 p. m.

BAPTIST—Brick church, corner of Kiowa and Weber streets. Rev. James Goodman, pastor. Services at 11 a. m. and 7.00 p. m. Temperance lecture by the pastor in the evening.

#### Hotel Arrivals.

PASCOE'S HOTEL—E E Fowler, Dayton, O; J B Sayer, C G Brost, Rochester, N Y; Jay Lewis, St Louis; Mrs A S Lyons, United States Coast and Geological Survey; A B Payne, J G Ebert, Davenport, Iowa; Colonel and Mrs Kittreg, Masters John and Sam Kittrege, ranch; J Thomas Fremett, Henry P Scott, F J Farmer, United States Coast and Geological Survey, J Hamilton, Pueblo, Colo; Theo S Garner, Dayton, Ohio; Frank J Costello, Florissant, Colo; B F Coard, Missouri; F M Gregory, Leadville; W E Stephenson, Iowa; E R Warren, ranch; L P Truss, S C Laston, United States Coast Survey, C B Wylie, ranch, Frederick Hebard, New York.

SPRINGS—W Bristaw, Divide; W G G[illegible], Alamosa; C A Nancolls, Divide; F E Gerhardt, St Louis; H B Frazier, F O Clopper, Denver; W G Briggs, Kansas City; John Wier, Thos. Borden, coast and geological survey; Clarence Wells, Pueblo; Frank Nezen, Windsor, Ont; M McWilliam, Booneville, Mo; S J Wright, Pueblo; B F Reque, Leadville.

NATIONAL—S Pinard, Denver, J T Wood, Leadville; J Blanchard, Buffalo; J Freudenfeld, Leadville; Chas J Jenkins, ranch; A C Stenton, Kansas City; R T McMahon, Denver.

CENTRAL—A H Thwaite, New York; Catrino Frugillo, New Mexico; Mrs. Trigg, Miss Trigg, D McShane, T W Martin, Monument; T S Sage, Fountain; L Pionard, Denver; M Gillum, D & R G R; W B Sanford, Texas; Geo M Skaze, Cawkers, Kansas; F C Colins, ranch; G W Stewart, Wichita, Kansas; J C McFarlane, Leadville; J King, Seven Lake House; R J Harris, Albany, N Y.

#### DIED.

Simple announcements of deaths are inserted free; all other matter under this head is charged at the rate of five cents per line.

JOHNSON. On the Divide, November 22nd, 1879, infant son of Mr. and Mrs. C. Johnson, aged seven months.

#### *Business Locals.*

Ten cents per line for first insertion; five cents per line for each subsequent insertion. Advertisements to go in every other day, or on certain days of the week only, ten cents per line for each insertion.

Livery, feed and boarding at the new brick stable. Proprietors of the Colorado Springs and Canon City stage line. Stevens & Rouse. 11 5 tf.

Ladies' furs at D. W. Robbins'.

Full line of Base Burning and other heating stoves at DURKEE & LEE'S. 9 5 tft

Parties wishing sand or gravel for filling around their houses can get the same very cheaply of Thomas Smith, near City Drug store. 11 21 6*

INSTANT DEATH.
Brown's Infallible Bed Bug Destroyer, 25 cents, at Brown's. 11 22 2

WATCHES AND JEWELRY.
Call on D. W. Robbins' for your watches and jewelry.

All sorts of machinery repaired at J. H. Drinkwater's. 11 22 tf

We noticed yesterday at Messrs. Aiken & Hunt's Music Room, opposite the post-office, an organ of elegant workmanship and unique design. A hinged panel above the keyboard drops outward, forming a writing desk and revealing a recess for containing writing materials and sheet music. It is a combination of the organ and secretary and is an instrument admirably adapted to supply the wants of our cosy western homes. 1

HOOKER'S THANKSGIVING PROCLAMATION.

Prepare for the proper observance of the day by purchasing at once your mince meat or the ingredients for the same.

Hooker has a large assortment of Raisins, Citron, Candied peel and fine York state cider.

Pumpkin Pie is likewise appropriate.

Find fine canned pumpkin at Hooker's.

A line of Chestnuts, Hickory nuts and Walnuts due in a few days.

Every thing first class at Hooker's Tea and Grocery store Huerfano street.

YEAST, YEAST, YEAST!
Fleischman's compressed yeast on sale at Hooker's. Try it. 1

B. I. B. B. D.
Brown's Infallible Bed Bug Destroyer, 25 cents, at Brown's 11 22 2t

Dr. F. H. Sutherland has returned from Leadville, and can be seen at his office over Barnes' hardware store, from 9 to 12 a. m. and from 1 to 5 p. m. 11 22tf

Mill machinery repaired at J. H. Drinkwater's. 11 22 tf

For bargains in Clothing, Gents and Boys Overcoats, Boots, Shoes, Dry Goods, Notions, Furnishing Goods, Hats, Caps, Ladies Cloaks, Watches, Jewelry, Gloves, Trunks, Valises, etc., go to the cheap cash store of D. W. Robbins. 11 8 tf

FURNITURE! FURNITURE!
Furniture of every description on hand and fresh invoices received daily at the furniture store of
7 23 tf W. W. ROLLER.

Messrs. Aiken & Hunt have a patent piano mover by the aid of which two men can carry a Piano up or down stairs with ease and safety. 1

"Steward" Ranges at
9 5 tft DURKEE & LEE'S.

A. BROWN, TEJON ST.
Paints, Oils, Paper Hangings,
Window Glass, Varnishes, Brushes,
Full Line of Shade Goods, Etc.,
Artists' Materials of all Kinds.

Have your prescriptions filled at the City Drug Store. 11 15 7

"Charter Oak" and "Stewart" cook stoves at DURKEE & LEE
9 5 tft

FURNITURE.
The largest stock in the city at
9-21-tf S. B. WESTERFIELD'S.

Export Bottled Beer, $11.00 per barrel; $1.25 per dozen; 10 d. pints or 6 d. quarts. F. Hermann, Manitou, Col. 8 29 tf

CLOTHING.

A large invoice of new clothing just received at the store of D. W. Robbins.

Mr. W. F. Hunt is probably the best piano tuner in the state. 1

A. L. MILLARD
Has the largest assorted stock of Undertakers' Goods in the city. First door west of his furniture store, on Huerfano street. Never closed! Always ready! Open every day and hour in the year. Telegraphic or personal orders promptly attended to. 11 11 tf

J. H. Drinkwater has a competent machinist employed who will repair all kinds of mill, mining and other machinery. 11 22 tf

S. B. Westerfield, undertaker, will give prompt attention to night or day orders. Rooms in Hodgman Block, Huerfano street, Colorado Springs. 7-8 tf

All kinds of sheet iron and tin work and repairing done at DURKEE & LEE'S.
9 5 tft

Take your job work in tin, copper and sheet iron to W. C. Stark. Satisfaction guaranteed. 9-21-tf

#### FOR SALE.

FOR SALE. A large No. 1 driving horse, with good harness and Miller phaeton. Inquire of A. Yeiger, North Weber street. 11 23 3*

FOR SALE. Horse and buggy. Apply to Frank Smith, Colorado City. 11 23 7*

FOR SALE. One and a half story house on North Tejon street, three bed rooms, parlor, dining room, and kitchen. City water in house and on grounds, good cellar, cistern, strawberry beds, fruit trees, and beautiful lawn. M. L. DeCoursey, real estate agent. 11 20 tf

FOR SALE CHEAP LOTS.—I have three lots left which will be sold at bargains; all "up town" lots, 50 x 190 feet. Apply to Chas Hallowell, real estate agent. 11 20 tf

FOR SALE. Six roomed house on West Cucharas street.
Seven roomed house on Nevada avenue.
Eight roomed house on North Weber street.
Ten roomed house on Huerfano street.
Six roomed house on Huerfano street.
Eight roomed house on Nevada avenue.
Five roomed house on East Cucharas street.
Eight roomed house on North Cascade ave.
Apply to M. L. DeCoursey, real estate agent. 11 18 tf

FOR SALE.—At public vendue, on Saturday next, a good cow. J. F. Myers. 11 18 5

FOR SALE. Six hundred cedar posts. Inquire of I. N. Payne, at A. D. Craigue's. 11 18 tf

FOR SALE. I have for sale the most desirable corner lots on North Weber street, Nevada avenue, Tejon street, and Cascade avenue. Also, some lots on South Weber street, Nevada avenue, and Tejon street, which I can sell for less than $100 each. M. L. DeCoursey, real estate agent. 11 12 tf

FOR SALE. On North Weber street. An eight roomed two storied house. Apply at Gazette office. 11 4 tf

FOR SALE. One large sideboard, made of Colorado pine, and a black walnut Extension Table, large enough to seat 20 people. Apply at this office. 10 11 tf

CASCADE VILLAS FOR SALE. Containing two houses of eight rooms each and two houses of ten rooms each and three lots, on Cascade avenue. For particulars, terms, &c., apply to Chas Hallowell, real estate agent, Colorado Springs. 10 8 tf

FOR SALE Story and a half house, containing eight rooms, pantry and closet. Lot 100 x 190. Barn and stables on lot. Desirable location. Terms easy. Enquire of Mrs. Lewis Hagu[illegible]. 2-15 tf

#### FOR RENT.

FOR RENT. Furnished room, corner of Weber and Vermijo. 11 23 tf

FOR RENT. Furnished room at Miss Grimes', corner Pike's Peak and Cascade avenues. 11 23 2*

FOR RENT. A comfortably furnished second story front room in private family. Centrally located and best neighborhood. Address post office box 39. 11 22 tf

TO LET. Furnished rooms suitable for light housekeeping. Terms moderate. Apply at the corner of Platte avenue and Weber street. 11 14 tf

FOR RENT. Two furnished rooms. Inquire of "C." GAZETTE office. 11 20 tf

#### WANTED.

WANTED. 50 to 100 cords of wood, to be delivered at the Brewery, Colorado City. Send tender to Chas. Stockbridge, Colorado Springs. 11 5 tf

WANTED. Large clean rags at this office.

WANTED A good steady boy. Apply at this office immediately.

#### LOST.

LOST. Liver colored spaniel, six months old, white breast, both fore feet tipped with white. Liberal reward will be paid for his return to L. K. Oldroyd. 11 22 tf

#### TO LOAN.

MONEY TO LOAN.—At low rates of interest on approved city real estate. Apply to Chas. Hallowell, real estate agent. 1113 tf

#### STRAYED OR STOLEN.

STRAYED.—A liberal reward will be paid for the return of a five-year old bay mare, with black mane and tail, branded with *J* on one shoulder and *II* on the other, to Woodgate & Hundley. 10 23 tf

#### NOTICE.

THE regular quarterly examination of applicants for teachers' certificates will be held on

*Friday, November 28th, 1879,*

at the school house in Colorado Springs.

J. CORREY,
11 23 2 County Superintendet of Schools.

#### FOR RENT OR SALE.

MY property on the corner of Pike's Peak and Nevada avenues. Iron fencing to continue up the lane with double drive gate. Price $4,750 00. "Lowest price, with no deductions." Or for rent "furnished." J. E. Wheeler. 10 28 1m*

#### *Stockholders' Meeting.*

THE COLORADO COAL AND STEEL WORKS COMPANY.

Pursuant to a resolution of the Board of Directors notice is hereby given that a special meeting of the Stockholders of the Colorado Coal and Steel Works Company has been called and will be held at the principal office of said company in Colorado Springs, Colorado, on the 13th day of December, 1879, at 12 o'clock, noon, for the purpose of submitting to a vote of the stockholders of said company the question of consolidating said company with the Southern Colorado Coal and Town company, and the Central Colorado Improvement company, according to law, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

Dated at Colorado Springs, Colorado, November 1st, 1879. W. A. BELL,
11 8 4 Secretary.

COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO,
November 12th, 1879.

The stock transfer books of the Colorado Coal & Steel Works Company will be closed November 20th, 1879, and will remain closed until after the final adjournment of the stockholders' meeting to be held on the 13th day of December, 1879.

By order of the board of trustees,
W. A. BELL,
11 12 tf Secretary.

#### *Stockholders' Meeting.*

THE SOUTHERN COLORADO COAL AND TOWN COMPANY.

Pursuant to a resolution of the Board of Trustees, notice is hereby given that a special meeting of the Stockholders of the Southern Colorado Coal and Town company, has been called and will be held at the principal office of said company in Colorado Springs, Colorado, on the 13th day of December, 1879, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of submitting to a vote of the Stockholders of said company the question of consolidating said company with the Colorado Coal and Steel Works company and the Central Colorado Improvement company, according to law, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

Dated at Colorado Springs, Colorado, November 1, 1879. W. B. GASKILL,
11 8 4 Secretary.

COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO,
November 12th, 1879.

THE stock transfer books of The Southern Colorado Coal & Town Company, will be closed November 20th, 1879, and will remain closed until after the final adjournment of the stockholders' meeting to be held on the 13th day of December, 1879.

By order of the board of trustees.
W. B. GASKILL,
11 12 tf Secretary.

#### *Stockholders' Meeting.*

THE CENTRAL COLORADO IMPROVEMENT COMPANY.

Pursuant to a resolution of the Board of Trustees, notice is hereby given that a special meeting of the Stockholders of the Central Colorado Improvement company has been called and will be held at the principal office of said company in Colorado Springs, Colorado, on the 13th day of December, 1879, at twelve o'clock noon, for the purpose of submitting to a vote of the Stockholders of said company the question of consolidating said company with the Colorado Coal and Steel Works company and the Southern Colorado Coal and Town company according to law, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

Dated at Colorado Springs, Colorado, November 1, 1879. W. B. GASKILL,
11 8 4 Secretary.

COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO,
November 12, 1879.

THE stock transfer books of the Central Colorado Improvement Company will be closed November 20th, 1879, and will remain closed until after the final adjournment of the stockholders' meeting to be held on the 13th day of December, 1879.

By order of the board of trustees.
W. B. GASKILL,
11 12 tf Secretary.


## COTTONWOOD

# Hot Springs,

***CHAFFEE COUNTY, COLO.***

PROPRIETORS.

REV. JOSEPH ADAMS, MRS. J. A. D. ADAMS Homeopathic Physician, and MR. G. K. HARTENSTEIN, Attorney at Law, Leadville.

The Springs are situated at the mouth of Cottonwood Cañon, in a most beautiful country, salubrious atmosphere, surrounded by scenery of the most gorgeous description, being in the very heart of the Saguache range. Mount Yale lying to the north, and Mount Princeton to the south. The crystal waters of the Cottonwood River, abundant with trout, come dashing and sparkling down past the door of the Sanitarium from its fountain head, the eternal beds of snow which cap the hoary old mountain.

The following analysis, connected with six years' experience, warrant us in saying that they are a specific for catarrh, sore eyes, rheumatism, lead poisons, and all scrofulous affections:

| SOLIDS. | Grains to pint—Upper Spring | Lower Spring |
|---|---|---|
| Carbonate of Soda | 4.7 | 4.8 |
| Carbonate of Lithia | Trace. | Trace. |
| Carbonate of Lime | 2 | 2 |
| Carbonate of Magnesia | ½ | ½ |
| Sulphate of Soda | ½ | ½ |
| Chloride of Sodium | 2½ | Trace. |
| Silica | 1-24 | Trace. |
| Iodine | Trace. | Trace. |
| Bromide | Trace. | Trace. |
| Ammonia Muriate | | 3 |
| Ammonium, combined | Trace | |
| Gases | Free Carbonic Acid. Hydrogen Sulphide. | Free Carbonic Acid. |

We are now prepared to receive guests and make them thoroughly comfortable.

A Coach meets the stage at Mahonville every day, except Sunday. All persons desiring further information will please communicate with the.

REV. JOSEPH ADAMS,
Mahonville, Colo
or G. K. HARTENSTEIN, Esq.,
7 23 6mf. Leadville, Colo.

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# THE DAILY GAZETTE.

## SUPPLEMENT.

. 483. COLORADO SPRINGS, SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 23, 1879. Price, Five Cents


### Two Dreams.

BY H. H.

y th: king took off his crown;
either hand he poised its weight.
s strange how heavy it has grown,"
e said, and with an impatient frown
yed it with a kind of hate;
en on his bed he fail him down,"

slept, and in a twinkling dreamed.
dream of ecstacy and bliss!
ght through all his senses streamed;
good vagabond he seemed;
winds of heaven his hair did kiss—
his brute skin the free sun beamed.

ern he waked, bewildered first,
who he was, or where he might be;
saw the crown, and with a burst
ge he swore and cursed;
o beggar would change lives with me!
ll hard fates, a king's the worst!"

side of the palace, on the ground,
arved half to death and freezing cold,
sheltered than the meanest hound,
ggar slumbered safe and sound,
d dreams to him came swift and bold,
a palace walled him round.

dreamed he was a king indeed;
a dream of ecstacy and bliss!
ood he had his utmost greed;
ild beyond his utmost need;
l-men bent low his hand to kiss
gave his word obedient heed.

orn he waked, bewildered first,
who he was or where he might be;
quick, by hunger and by thirst,
knew himself and groaned and cursed;
No creature pity takes on me!
eggar's fate of all is worst!"

*Independent.*

### The Iron Pen.

ade from a fetter of Bannivard, the pris-
of Chillon; the handle of wood from the
ate "Constriction," and bound with a
et of gold, inset with three precious stones
n Siberia, Ceylon and Maine.

thought this Pen would arise
rom the casket where it lies
Of itself would arise, and write
y thanks and my surprise.

When you gave it me under the pines,
dreamed these gems from the mines
Of Siberia, Ceylon and Maine
Would glimmer as thoughts in the lines;

hat this iron link from the chain
f Bonnivard might retain
Some verse of the poet who sang
f the prisoner and his pain;

hat this wood from the frigate's mast
night write me a rhyme at last,
As it used to write on the sky
The song of the sea and blast.

ut motionless as I wait,
ike a Bishop lying in state
Lies the Pen, with its mitre of gold,
nd its jewels inviolate.

hen must I speak, and say
That the light of that summer day
In the garden under the pines
hall not fade and pass away.

shall see you standing there,
aressed by the fragrant air,
With the shadow on your face
And the sunshine on your hair.

shall hear the sweet low tone
Of a voice before unknown,
Saying, "This is from me to you—
From me, and to you alone."

And in words not idle and vain
I shall answer, and thank you again
For the gift, and the grace of the gift,
O beautiful Helen of Maine!

And forever this gift will be
As a blessing from you to me,
As a crop of the dew of your youth
On the leaves of an aged tree.

*Henry W. Longfellow, in Harper's Magazine for December.*

### Encouragement from the Past.

The manuscript diary of Mr. Henry R. orrs, member of congress from Central ew York fifty years ago, has been depos- ed with the Historic society of Buffalo. ike the diary of every active public man f intelligence, it speaks with great bitter- ess of the corruption and narrowness of olitics and the wrath of party spirit. Dur- ng the session of congress of 1827, Mr. torrs says that all the leading men of the pposition refused to attend Mrs. Clay's arties or to call at Mr. Clay's, who was hen secretary of state. He records at bout the same time that Mr. , of the enate, had a fight with Mr. , of the ouse, and that they were separated by he by-standers. He groans that strangers would think us a nation of blackguards if hey could see the performances of con- ress. Mr. Storrs was a federalist, and he nd his friends thought that the coming of ackson was the end of all things, as Fisher Ames and the Essex Junto thought of the coming of Jefferson nearly thirty years before. In the same way Lord Eldon and his associates lamented the re- form act in England, and Lord St. Vincent regarded the abolition of slavery in the West Indies as the overthrow of the bul- warks of English liberty.

If anybody finds his political faith wav- ering, let him read a little history. If he thinks we are sweeping rapidly along the broad road of destruction, let him take heart as he observed that other people have been in a very much worse plight, yet have not been overwhelmed. It is not a mere happy-go-lucky philosophy which assures a man that a great self-governing community, mainly of the English race and traditions, cannot easily be ruined. It ought not, certainly, to teach him indiffer- ence, nor tend to foster the complacent faith that Providence takes especial care of children, drunkards, and the United States. But it should keep his cheerful- ness in good repair, and enable him to see how much of political fervor is Pick- wickian.—*Editor's Easy Chair in Harper's Magazine for December.*

### A GAMBLING PALACE.

**Scenes in the Famous Salons of Monte Carlo.**

To come to Nice without visiting Monaco is to go to London and not see the tower. Carnivalistic festivities being at an end, I made a trip to Monte Carlo at Monaco, the most famous gambling place the world knows and the only one in Europe now existing openly under state patronage; for that of Valais-Saxon, Switzerland, was shut a short time ago, the federal government commissioner solemnly reading at midnight the law announcing the closing of the last gambling-place but one in the old world. As to the English one in Heligoland, near Bremen, the gambling hall long ago went out of the land. Hombourg and Wiesbaden's glories under new imperial sway are over; mortality and ruin have returned to those towns, and the old Russian countesses who passed the greater part of their time at the *tapis vert* are now habitues of fair Monaco. Our 12:35 p. m. train leaving Nice was packed with English, Germans, Russians, with here and there an American, some of whom had come from Cannes. Our common destination was Monaco, a half hour's ride through the grandest scenery on God's earth.

I descended from the train at Monaco; while my fellow travellers remained a couple of minutes longer, riding to the door of Monte Carlo, for your convenience is so studied that you are kindly left at the very gate of destruction. Preferring to see the town itself first, I climbed the steep rock, perhaps 300 feet high, on which Monaco is perched. The broad, white silk banner of the smallest country in Europe, fluttered gaily on the breeze, and the the little town lay bathed in sunshine and literally covered with bright flowers, palm trees, cactuses and aloes. I have never seen as lovely view of mountains, water and sky as here, on the the threshold of Italy. After visiting the remarkable castle and still more remarkable court, and gazing down from the lovely palace garden into the sea, which lies far below, I started off for Monte Carlo, twenty minutes' walk from the castle, on a road planted with palm trees and innumerable cactuses. This road by the sea wound around a tiny town and afforded unrivalled views stretching around a semi-circle of blue mountains to Italy, and closed in by the dim outlines of the city of Bordighiera. It would take me hours to describe one of the finest gardens in Europe, so I'll only say that the garden of Monte Carlo commands the lovliest view, and has the finest plents and flowers of the tropics. The promenaders have not the beautiful peaceful look the landscape has; the ladies, many of them splendidly attired, laugh and talk nervously; the men are wrapped in their own thoughts, paying little attention to their fair companions. The women care but little for this want of politeness, for this gambling passion is the strongest of all, swallowing up all others, natural and artificial. At the gaming table there is no sex; a man gazes as stolidly at the most beautiful women of Europe as at the walls.

There are some formalities to be gone through before entering the play rooms. A man is not permitted to ruin himself without complying with them. Every journal of the department publishes each day the following notice:

In accordance with the rules of the strangers' circle of Monto Carlo, entrance to the playing rooms is allowed only to persons with tickets. The entrance is forbidden to inhabitants of the principality, and to those of the department, with the exception of club members. Entrance tickets given at the Casino Bureau.

A Russian acquaintance of mine, who goes often merely to look on and play a napoleon or so, was refused admittance lately by the secretary, who saw by his card that he had moved from his hotel to private lodgings, and thereby lost his migratory character and become an inhabitant of the department. "Oh, very well," returned the subject of the czar nonchalantly, "then I shall save a thousand franc bill." He was immediately allowed to enter; circumstances alter cases. The fact is, he had only twenty francs in his pocket with which he won 600; but he spent it in a day or two, money gained in that way is notoriously burning one's pocket. The wisdom of the above measure is obvious. If the inhabitants of the neighborhood were allowed to play, the ruin and desolation would cause the immediate closing of the Casino; whereas, when a stranger loses, the next train takes him away, and if he chooses to blow out his brains, it is purely a personal affair.

THE CASINO

is a fine large palace containing a large, elegant ball-room, a theater with a fine orchestra, and a splendid reading room well supplied with journals in all languages. After entering our name in a visitor's book, we receive an entrance ticket and are permitted to pass into the magnificent gaming rooms. As we enter at 6 p. m., the rooms are softly lighted to harmonize with the richly decorated walls. There are two tables in the first room and three in the second, at which are played the two games, roulette and rouge et noir. Several hundred players and spectators are present. Silver stakes are predominant on the tables devoted to the first game, but only gold and bank notes on the rouge et noir tables, which are given up to the aristocracy of gamblers, of whom women are in the majority. Not a seat at these tables is unoccupied. Behind the seated gamesters stand a eager crowd of players, as well as spectators, who prick with a pin the progress of the game preparatory to risking later their money. Well-bred servants in fine liveries stand here and there, or glide noiselessly around. Four men, cool and unconcerned, at each table, seated on elevated chairs, represent the bank with piles of gold and bank notes before them. What beautiful women one sees here, and what toillettes. But no one cares to regard either. Here beautiful blue eyes seem sinister and glassy; little cherry mouths look hard, and pearly teeth are firmly set; little white hands are convulsively clenched; bright faces are ruined by an expression of cupidity; cheeks are flushed, and attitudes denote suppressed excitement. Some of these fair women would evidently feel relieved by a shriek, but grim etiquette prevents. Passing a roulette table, I heard an English woman, who was holding up both hands full of gold pieces, excitedly exclaim: "See! all that for one napoleon!" Her nervous laugh caused many a frown from those less fortunate.

The green table, or *tapis vert*, is a great leveler. Side by side sit an English "my lady" and a fair fallen one from Vienna or Berlin, here a Russian prince and there a Parisian adventuress; here stands a bright American girl, of 20 or so, in a toilet worth at least $400; she throws down a single gold piece and loses it. She pouts—prettily, twisting her glove, and I follow her to another table, where she risks another coin with the same result. Fortunately she does not play high. Here is an Englishman, however, who does; he is the centre of all attraction, and a little crowd collect behind him; he is winning heavy stakes! How slowly and monotonously the croupier speaks. "Gentlemen, make your play; the game is made; red wins and black loses, and so on while the game lasts." There is an instant's intermission between each phrase; at the first the players hasten to throw down their gold on red and black, and there are perhaps twenty different gold piles on the table. Here a woman, standing and new to the game, timidly throws down three napoleons on black immediately drawing back and gazing around as if fearful of being seen. There a Spanish millionaire throws down negligently a handful of gold. My lord, the Englishman before alluded to, a handsome young fellow, with a florid face, throws a 1000 franc note on red. After the second phrase, no one is allowed to throw any money on the table or change the position of that already placed. Cards are dealt in breathless silence, and the winning color pronounced Red! My lord pulls in with a little rake the bank note which he adds to a pile of bills under his elbow, leaving the newly won roll of 1000 francs in gold on red again, and tossing ten francs in silver to the bank, as the rule requires on the gain of a thousand. The lady of the three napoleons looks sad and her mouth quivers as they are raked in by the bank. It would not be merciful to say: "Serves her right, why did she play?" I've seen Christian men and women who went "only to look on," come away without a cent.

Suicides are not very frequent, as the losers, thanks to precautions taken, belong generally to classes that can afford to lose. In cases of suicides the journals of the department register the fact very briefly, in a line or two. Probably, as each journal receives 300 to 400 francs for the short advertisements to players, it includes a tacit agreement not to inquire too deeply into tragic events. These journals do not demand the suppression of a casino which brings thousands of rich visitors to the shores of the Mediterranean. During the month of February, 1879, 37,000 vistiors came to Monaco.

At all times at Nice, Cannes and Mentone, one is bored everywhere with conversation relative to the *tapis vert*, it is the general topic. At Nice a gentleman and lady were pointed out to me who had lost, it was said, 300,000 francs made by fifteen years' toil in India. They seemed sad enough. The lady was resplendent in silk, but her partner seemed desirous of making economies in his linen, and perhaps "making it up in that way." The bank, I am told, handed him back 1,500 for traveling expenses to England.

The bank at Monaco is not likely to break in spite of dreamers. Temporarily it is occasionally forced to stop as a couple of years ago when an Englishman won in one evening 72,000 francs. I think, however, that the bank's capital is more secure than that of many American stock companies; also that the players have perhaps as much chance of winning as stockholders of said companies. A croupier at Hombourg, in a moment of confidence, told me "that in the end the bank must win." The eldest daughter of Mr. Blanc, the deceased director, married, a year or so ago, the Polish Prince Radetsky, and the youngest, the journals here inform us, is engaged to Prince Henri de Bourbon (Sicilian branch), having a dot of fifteen millions of francs. Mr. Blanc, the famous director, died a short time ago, and was universally loved and esteemed in the municipality, thousands attending his funeral. *Cor. Hartford Times.*

### THE EMPEROR HADRIAN.

**Ernest Renan's Description of the Clever, Witty and Light-Hearted Successor of Trajan.**

Trajan's was a very good choice. Hadrian was a man of indifferent morals, but he became a great sovereign. Witty, intelligent, curious, he was larger-minded than any other Cæsar. From Augustus to Domitian he was the emperor that left the deepest impress. His administrative capacity was extraordinary according to our ideas, of course, he took too much upon himself, but he administered well. He was the definite organizer of the Imperial government, and marked a capital era in the history of Roman law. Until his time the emperor's household had been the houshold of the first personage of state, a household like any other one, composed of servants, freedmen and private secretaries. Hadrian organized the palace; to reach the palatine offices one thereafter had to be a noble; the servants of the household of Cæsar became functionaries.

The personal character of the emperor accorded with what there was of excellence in these reforms. Hadrian bore himself towards the poorest with a charming affability, and would not allow himself, under the pretext of majesty, to be robbed of his supreme pleasure—the right of being amiable. Despite all of his defects, his was a quick, open, original mind. Free from the pride and narrowness which made the true Roman shut himself from learning anything from the rest of the world; Hadrian had a taste for foreign things; they pleased him and he made fun of them wittily. Especially was he attracted by the Orient; its impostures and charlatan tricks amused him; he had himself initiated into all the odd mysteries, cooked-up oracles, invented antidotes and made a mock of medicine. Like Nero, he was a crowned artist and *litterateur*. His facility in painting, sculpture and architecture was surprising and he made pretty verses, but his taste was not pure; he had favorite authors and queer preferences; in fine, he was a minor author and a theatrical architect. He adopted no religion, no philosophy, but he rejected none. His distinguished mind was always poised like a weathercock to which all winds are alike; the elegant adieu to life which he murmured a few moments before his death, "Animula vagula, blandula," gives the measure of the man.

His vanity and antiquarian tastes led him to aspire to the role of founder of cities and restorer of antique memories. Thus it came to pass that there were constructed those innumerable works which date from his reign, roads, moles, theatres, temples. He was surrounded by a legion of artisans, engineers and artists. Vast stock companies were, at his word, formed for the prosecution of great works. If a town had some little fame, or was mentioned in the classics, it was sure to be raised from its ruins by this archæological Cæsar. * * It might have been said that the Old World was awakening to life at the tread of a beneficent god. Philosophers, rhetors and critics swarmed around him; it was Nero minus the madness. A theory of buried old civilizations sought a new birth, not effectively but in the writings of historians and archæologists. The Hadrinian games of the Greeks recalled for one last time the splendor of Hellenic life. It was a universal renaissance of the Old World, brilliant, somewhat stagy, not very sincere. Hadrian passed the winter of 125-6 at Athens. Especially in this rendezvous of all men of culture did he keenly delight. Greece had become a sort of a toy with which lettered Romans amused themselves. In this world of professors, philosophers and wits Hadrian was in his real element. His vanity, his talent, his taste for brilliant conversation were all satisfied here amid his confieres whom he honored by making himself their equal without abdicating aught of his prerogative. He was a clever arguer and convinced himself that the triumphs which he always gained were due to his personal talent alone. Woe to those who wounded him or got the better of him in discussion, for then the cleverly concealed strain of Nero that was in him was aroused! What he spent in endowments and literary pensions cannot be calculated. * * * The intellectual activity of Hadrian was genuine but he lacked the scientific mind. In those reunions of sophists all matters human and divine were discussed, but no conclusion was ever reached.

Singular ideas on the subject of religion shot athwart his mind. It seems that more than once he displayed towards Christianity the marks of veritable respect. He caused to be built a great number of temples or basilicas without clearly understood inscription or destination, most of which remained uncompleted or undedicated, and were called by his name.

Even the affection of Hadrian for Antinous was an element of the Christian apologetic. Such an affection seemed the culminating point of the reign of the demon. This recent god, that all the world knew, was much used to batter down the other gods, more ancient and less easily to be grappled with. The church triumphed. The day of Hadrian was later looked upon as the luminous summit of an epoch of splendor when the christian truth shone without obstacle to every eye. Some kindness was felt for the sovereign whose defects and qualities had contributed to such favorable results. His immorality, his superstitions, his idle initiation into impure mysteries these were not forgotten, but, in spite of them all, Hadrian remained at least in one part of Christian opinion, a serious man, dowered with rare virtues, who gave to the world its last fair days.—*Condensed from translation in N. Y. World.*

### UNCONSIDERED TRIFLES.

It's a wise cat that noses its paw.

A pair of drawers Two dentists.

Nobody's Daisy Susan B. Anthony.

An angry man should pull down his choler.

The saw mill runs to the tune of a logarythm.

A graveyard Thirty-six inches of black crape.

Blue fishing When you don't catch anything.

"What is it, doctor?" "Twins," "By Gemini!"

A dry dock A physician going in to take a drink.

Deal gently with the 'erring or you'll get bones in your throat.

Probabilities—Cold in the head with rheumatic tendencies.

Squaws of big chiefs oft remind us,
We should pick our squaws with care;
So we may not leave behind us
Half our natural crop of hair.

That was a wise colored man who, in speaking of the happiness of married people, said: "Dat ar' 'pends altogedder how dey enjoys demselves."

Years and years ago it used to be said that a girl might be willing to be kissed when she voluntarily put a boy's hat on her head. This cannot be true, for hundreds of pretty girls are now wearing the little round Derby hats and looking well under them. *N. Y. World.*


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| *Home, of New York, assets* | $6,109,526. |
| *Imperial and Northern, of London, assets* | $23,000,000. |
| *Commercial Union, of London, assets* | $19,000,000. |
| *Hartford, of Hartford, assets* | $3,292,913. |
| *German-American, of New York, assets* | $2,324,709. |
| *Pennsylvania, of Philadelphia, assets* | $1,721,481. |
| *Phœnix, of Brooklyn, assets* | $2,759,001. |
| *Total assets represented* | $71,456,227. |

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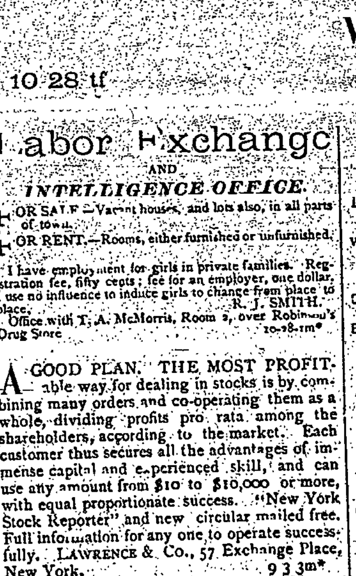


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